

Maria Leonor “Leni” Gerona Robredo

Date of Birth: April 23, 1965 (age 56 years)

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

- Bachelor of Laws, University of Nueva Caceres
- Bachelor of Science in Economics, University of the Philippines
Honorary Degrees:
- Doctor in Public Administration given by Polytechnic University of the Philippines (2015)
- Doctor of Humanities awarded by University of Saint Anthony in Naga City (2017)
- Doctor of Laws by University of the Cordilleras in Baguio City (2017)

PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND

Executive

- Vice President of the Philippines (2016-present)
- Co-Chairperson, Inter-Agency Committee on Anti-Illegal Drugs (Nov 6, 2019-Nov 24, 2019)
- Chair, Housing and Urban Development Coordinating Council (July 12, 2016-December 5, 2016)

Legislative

- Representative, Camarines Sur 3rd District, House of Representatives 16th Congress (2013-2016)
- Vice Chairperson, Committee on Good Governance and Public Accountability
- Vice Chairperson, Committee on Revisions of Laws [\[Source\]](#)

I. ENVIRONMENT

A. Legislation filed, pushed, or passed (Positive, 1 point)

- She co-authored the National Land Use Act (NLUA) or HB 5240 with Ifugao Rep. Teddy Baguilat Jr. This bill will be an established framework of what land can be converted, what cannot be converted, and what land is meant “for particular purposes. It re-filed in the 18th Congress but is still pending with the House committee on land use and in the Senate committee on environment, natural resources, and climate change. [\[Source\]](#)

B. Position on Issues, Advocacies, Platforms (Positive, 1 point)

- **COAL-FIRED POWER PLANT:** She has a clear anti-coal power position which is basically essential if we want to reduce the country’s PH carbon emission and contribute to global effort to mitigate global warming.
- She is against the provincial administration’s policy to put up a coal-fired power generation facility in Palawan. [\[Source\]](#)

- She wants a holistic approach in combating climate change so that sectors that would be affected by efforts to reduce the country's carbon emissions. [\[Source\]](#)
- She would like to push for a "climate industry" and build green infrastructure that could generate jobs.
- She supports green transport, where more electric-powered vehicles and sustainable transport roam the roads. She said that there should be a transition framework on how the energy sector could shift to more sustainable options in creating green jobs. [\[Source\]](#)
- **DOLOMITE BEACH:** She commented that the ₱389 million dolomite beach project could have instead gone to the over 80,000 poor families who were left hungry due to the pandemic. [\[Source\]](#)
- **ANCESTRAL DOMAIN:** She said she will support the passage of a bill that will protect the Cordillera ancestral domain, adding that indigenous cultural communities (ICCs) must be included in public consultations for the use of their ancestral land. She is also pushing for the review of all contracts on the utilization of the ancestral domains. [\[Source\]](#)
- **KALIWA DAM:** She questioned the need for the Philippines to borrow funds from China for the P12.2-billion Kaliwa Dam project. She raised the concerns of communities in General Nakar, Infanta, and Real in Quezon province who would be affected by the construction of the dam. She pointed out that indigenous peoples would be displaced. [\[Source\]](#)

PLATFORM:

Comprehensive Green Agenda focusing on:

- Urgent need in the preservation of ecological integrity and biodiversity and prevention of their loss or destruction.
- Rejection of expansion of land ownership rights of foreigners and monopolies, implementation of an urban greening program as well as coastal and river rehabilitation; strengthening of implementation of Clean Water Act and Clean Air Act and enforcing heftier penalties against violators.
- Regulation and strict monitoring of wastes from commercial agriculture and large-scale fishing companies to avoid polluting food sources.
- Access to affordable power can be achieved through on and off-grid renewable energy systems, managed in the interests of communities at the grassroots level.

- Ensuring just and fair transition to renewable energy sources and rejects false solutions, such as the waste-to-energy (WTE) projects being proposed. [\[Source\]](#)
- She will certify as urgent the passage of the National Land Use Act, and the passage of the Alternative Minerals Bill.
- She also said that she will put up mechanisms so that the indigenous peoples and the local communities will be affected and will be provided with mechanisms where their voices will be heard [\[Source\]](#)

C. Projects and Activities Organized/supported (Positive, 1 point.)

- A road map for power generation to power distribution, which environment should be taken into consideration. [\[Source\]](#)
- VP Robredo along with the Team Energy Foundation gave barangays Misong and Tagumpay in Pola, Oriental Mindoro dozens of Fosera solar kits purchased from Solaready Inc. to shed light on these remote communities. These Fosera solar kits can be used to power houses. [\[Source\]](#)

BASIS FOR RATING: The NLUA bill is an important framework to identify the particular purposes of the land and consequently its protection. Her positions or statements calling to protect the environment and putting a stop to environmentally destructive projects, particularly opposing the coal-fired plant operations, Dolomite beach, and Kaliwa Dam are in line with our stance on the said issues. She has a comprehensive environmental agenda focusing on the preservation of ecological integrity, regulation and monitoring of waste, and fair transition to renewable energy sources. She has shown some efforts on local environmental projects and programs, wherein both humans and the ecosystem benefit.

II. CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION MITIGATION - DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (CCAM-DRR)

A. Legislation filed, pushed, or passed (No Information, -0.5 point)

- N/A

B. Position on Issues, Advocacies, Platforms (Positive, 1 point)

- She said that after the catastrophic floods that hit various areas of Luzon in 2020, climate change should be taken seriously. [\[Source\]](#)
- She believes that there is a need to strengthen the rescue capabilities of barangay officials, noting their role as the first responders on the ground during an emergency.
- She emphasized the importance of having a disaster-proof development plan for local government units, and a stronger local disaster risk reduction council.
- She called for a review of Republic Act 10121, the enabling law of the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council when the Super Typhoon Yolanda's (Haiyan) devastation happened in November 2013. [\[Source\]](#)

Source: <https://www.rappler.com/nation/elections/leni-robredo-leader-i-want-2016>

- In a forum in 2016, she expressed support for the development of climate resilient and sustainable housing to ensure the safety of Philippine communities in the face of disasters.
- She also called on different sectors to help train the local government units to access the People's Survival Fund (PSF), which may be used in adaptation activities. [\[Source\]](#)
- She offered to assist the local government with its housing program for the people living in the danger areas in Dinagat Island. She also promised to partner with them (Local Government Unit) to put up another Angat Buhay Village on the island. [\[Source\]](#)
- In a forum, she reiterated the importance of a disaster-proof plan in building a resilient community. She highlighted that having projects for disaster mitigation takes not just funds. It also includes planning, research, and having a strategic design mind-set that takes the view of development. [\[Source\]](#)
- She said that the proposed creation of the Department of Disaster Resilience (DDR) should be studied first to ensure that it will not just duplicate the functions of the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council. [\[Source\]](#)

PLATFORM:

Comprehensive Green Agenda focusing on:

- The need to recognize the reality and the science-backed evidence of climate change.
- Integration of National Rehabilitation programmes with Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) and Climate Change Adaptation (CCA) frameworks to address the underlying socioeconomic conditions that render communities more vulnerable to climate change. [\[Source\]](#)

C. Projects and Activities Organized/supported (Positive, 1 point)

- Launched a housing project called BAHAYanihan for communities who were affected by the consecutive typhoons that hit the Philippines in the latter half of 2020 [\[Source\]](#)
- Installation of solar panels in 25 households of the Tadyawan tribe of Pola in Oriental Mindoro [\[Source\]](#)
- Implementation of Community Mortgage Program (CMP) by the Social Housing Finance Corporation (SHFC) to assist legally organized associations of underprivileged and homeless citizens due to the typhoon in Bicol to buy land under community ownership. [\[Source\]](#)
- Initiated a relief program where the Office of the Vice President received around P40 million in cash donations from private citizens through Angat Buhay's partners, Tanging Yaman Foundation for the victims of Typhoon Odette. [\[Source\]](#)

BASIS FOR RATING: She has no bill filed on Climate Change Adaptation Mitigation - Disaster Risk Reduction during her stint in Congress.

Her stances on Climate Change Adaptation Mitigation - Disaster Risk Reduction are positive. She calls for the inclusion of climate change as an important agenda due to various typhoon experiences by the country. Other positive statements on CCAM-DRR are strengthening of rescue operations, creation of disaster-proof development plan, capacity building of communities and better access to the People's Survival Fund.

Her projects and programs were rated as positive for providing relief and facilitating resilience programs - like BAHAYanihan, housing and relief in areas frequently affected by various disasters.

III. MINING

A. Legislation filed, pushed, or passed (No information, -0.5 point)

- N/A

B. Position on Issues, Advocacies, Platforms (Ambivalent, 0.5 point)

- Robredo lauded President Benigno Aquino III for issuing Executive Order No. 79, which institutes reforms for environmental protection and *responsible mining*, but also called for extensive revision of mining laws. [\[Source\]](#)
- She is not for an absolute ban on mining, but she said she is for *more responsible mining*. [\[Source\]](#)
- She said that the Duterte administration has been giving mixed signals on whether to close down or suspend mining operations in the country. [\[Source\]](#)

PLATFORM:

- Vice President Leni Robredo is planning to issue an executive order (EO) identifying no-mining areas.
- She also said that she will cancel EO No. 130, signed by President Rodrigo Duterte, which lifted the moratorium on mineral agreements. [\[Source\]](#)

Comprehensive Green Agenda

- Mining must be accorded least priority among the options for land use and revenue generation, with a minerals management regime that prioritizes local community development and ensures appropriate income for the government.
- Government must resist destructive mining, dirty energy, unbridled construction of roads and dams, as well as projects that cut into forests and protected areas. Repeal laws and policies that allow destruction of watersheds and river basins. [\[Source\]](#)

C. Projects and Activities Organized/supported (No information, -0.5 point)

- N/A

BASIS FOR RATING: There was no available information on the bills about mining filed during her stint in the Congress.

She was given a rating of Ambivalent because she would still allow mining in general but explores the idea of responsible and/or “sustainable” mining as reflected in her statements in various interviews. This is ambivalent because large-scale mining should be stopped and reviewed, no more new mines, especially large-scale mining activities given the present state of our environment. However, she manifest concern about the industry and included it in her comprehensive green agenda.

There was also no easily accessible information on projects and programs found about mining.

IV. SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES

A. Legislation filed, pushed, or passed (Positive, 1 point)

- She co-authored HB 5841 or Agrarian Reform Commission Act with Ifugao Representative Kaka Bag-ao, which focuses on investigating violations against the Comprehensive Agrarian Reform Program (CARP). Submitted on August 25, 2015. [\[Source\]](#)
- She co-authored HB05629 and HB 6135 or an act to address poverty in the coconut sector by establishing the coconut farmers’ trust fund. The proposed bill refers to a more equitable distribution of the coconut levy fund to the farmers. It was approved by the house and transmitted to the senate. [\[Source\]](#)
- She filed House Bill 6062, otherwise known as the "National Food Security Act of 2015," to give teeth to current various government programs on hunger and malnutrition, which are not enough to address the problem. This bill requires the government to ensure that 30 percent or more of the supplies needed to implement the National Feeding Program are procured from small-scale producers to give them constant revenue. [\[Source\]](#)

B. Position on Issues, Advocacies, Platforms (Positive, 1 point)

- Committed to double the current budget allocation for health and **agriculture** as part of her plan to address and recover from the COVID-19 pandemic [\[Source\]](#)
- She emphasized the need to “invest in agriculture to make sure this health crisis does not turn into a food crisis” [\[Source\]](#)

- She and the country's economic managers have called on the Department of Agrarian Reform (DAR) to pursue the enactment of a national land use law and strictly implement existing land use regulations instead of imposing a two-year ban on farm land conversion in 2016. [\[Source\]](#)
- She advocates funding more climate-resilient crops that farmers and fisherfolks can harvest in their provinces.
- She also pushed to prioritize infrastructure that would spur rural development for farmers and fisherfolk nationwide. [\[Source\]](#)
- She said she is not in favor of RA 11524 or the Coconut Farmers and Industry Trust Fund (CFITF) Act (HB8136/SBN1396). She argued that there were provisions in it that did not address the "heart and soul" of the coconut levy fund. She also said she will address the injustice against the millions of coconut farmers and distribute the controversial multi-billion pesos coconut levy fund to them. She is one of the principal authors of a proposed bill (HB 5629/HB6135) for the equitable distribution of the coconut levy fund to the farmers during her stint in Congress. She noted that their version of the proposed bill was refiled in the present Congress but it was vetoed by President Duterte in 2019. [\[Source\]](#)
- She urged the Duterte administration to ensure that there would be measures to safeguard rice farmers from the negative effects of the recently signed rice tariffication law. [\[Source\]](#)
- She said that the protection and welfare of the fishermen across the country should be a priority. She said the major concern of the Filipino fisherfolk right now was their protection against huge foreign vessels fishing inside the country's exclusive economic zone. This refers to the 22 fishermen, whose boat was allegedly rammed by a Chinese trawler at the Recto Bank in the West Philippine Sea in 2019. [\[Source\]](#)

PLATFORM:

- **Comprehensive Green Agenda focusing on:** Ensuring the production availability of sufficient, safe and healthy food. Food sovereignty will provide communities control over the way food is produced, traded and consumed. [\[Source\]](#)
- She would like to prioritize the passing of the National Food Security bill. This bill will help the small farmers and fisherfolks to provide the supplies needed for the implementation of the National Feeding Program. [\[Source\]](#)

C. Projects and Activities Organized/supported (Positive, 1 point)

- The Vice President's Office funded a zero open defecation (ZOD) project back in 2018, which helped the municipality achieve ZOD Level 1 in Cabanatuan. In this project, several mechanized farm equipment such as tractors. Farmer-members previously used carabaos to plow their farmlands. [\[Source\]](#)
- Her office handed P2 million in aid to farmers in Magarao, Camarines Sur Saturday in 2019. The funds will be used for a vegetable and flower-growing project in the landlocked town. [\[Source\]](#)
- Omasenso sa Kabuhayan program, where farmers affected by past typhoons have become beneficiaries in 2020. Under the program, the OVP gives the farmers free technical training and equipment to innovate on their agricultural products. The farmers are taught how to sell online and are also linked with commercial establishments where they can directly market their goods. [\[Source\]](#)
- Vice President Leni Robredo visited the 22 fishermen of Philippine fishing boat Gem-Ver on June 21, 2019, to hold a dialogue with them and to provide assistance. All 22 fishermen received P50,000 under the Office of the Vice President's Angat Buhay Program [\[Source\]](#)
- Ahon Laylayan Koalisyon aims to create a venue and platform that will inform the OVP of what the farmers need. She led the way in augmenting the capacities of the Cabungbungan Linggahub United Farmers & Farmworkers Association (CALUFFA), the majority of whom are beneficiaries of the Agrarian Reform Law. [\[Source\]](#)

BASIS FOR RATING: The bills filed are considered as important bills to address the issues on sustainable agriculture and fisheries, like the Agrarian Reform Commission Act, Establishing the Coconut Farmers' Trust Fund, National Food Security Act.

Her statements on the protection of the agriculture and fisheries sector were considered promotive of the welfare of the sector . She commented on the risks of the Rice Tariffication Law to our rice farmers, and the situation of the fisherfolks in WPS. Likewise, in her platform, she will focus on the passage of the National Security Bill, which will help the farmers and fisherfolk in providing the supplies.

There are concrete activities and programs addressing farmers in local communities: she provided assistance to farmers and fisherfolks in several parts of the country, through Ahon Laylayan Koalisyon and Angat Buhay.

V. PEACE

A. Legislation filed, pushed, or passed (No Information, -0.5 point)

- N/A

B. Position on Issues, Advocacies, Platforms (Positive, 1 point)

- She vows to create a 'conducive environment' for peace talks with insurgents, to veer away from "militarist approaches to ending internal armed conflict." [\[Source\]](#)
- She believes that the only road to peace with the communist rebels is to resume negotiations and peace talks with the National Democratic Front (NDF) which represents the Communist Party of the Philippines (CPP) and the New People's Army (NPA). She also said that there is a need for localized talks to identify the root problem. [\[Source\]](#)
- She vowed to raise with government agencies the concerns of Bangsamoro women on the imposition of martial law in Mindanao. Women groups and other representatives in Marawi raised several issues about the state of internally-displaced persons in evacuation centers, among them the inadequate supply of relief goods in many of the neighboring towns that took in fleeing residents, and how the environment in these sites affect their health. [\[Source\]](#)

PLATFORM:

- If elected president, she is willing to work with China in areas in which it has no dispute with the Philippines. But in terms of sitting down to discuss the disputed West Philippine Sea (WPS) region, Robredo said that discussions would only start once China acknowledges the Philippines' rights and the Hague ruling which gave the country exclusive rights over the territorial waters. [\[Source\]](#)

C. Projects and Activities Organized/supported (No Information, -0.5 point)

- N/A

BASIS FOR RATING: There is no information on bills/resolutions filed about Peace during her stint in the Congress. There was also no data found on projects and programs on peace. Both were given a rating of No Information.

Majority of her stances on Peace are positively rated, since it shows support for peace talks and identifying the roots of the problem of the CPP-NPA insurgency, shying away from militaristic approach to solving armed conflicts, but with little information on her stance on Bangsamoro.

VI. GOOD GOVERNANCE

A. Legislation filed, pushed, or passed (Positive, 1 point)

- She co-authored Election Service Reform Act or Republic Act RA10756, with Bam Aquino, a rendering election service non-compulsory for public school teachers which was enacted on April 8, 2016.
- She co-authored Sangguniang Kabataan Reform Act of 2015 or Republic Act RA10742, with Bam Aquino, establishing reforms in the Sangguniang Kabataan creating enabling mechanisms for meaningful youth participation in nation-building which was enacted on January 15, 2016.
- She is the principal Author of Tax Incentives Management and Transparency Act or Republic Act RA10708. This promotes fiscal accountability and transparency in the grant and management of tax incentives which was enacted on December 9, 2015 [\[Source\]](#)
- She is the principal author of the Full Disclosure Policy Bill (HB 19) which seeks to make available information on "how government funds are managed, disbursed and used." The bill was referred to and still pending on the committee of public information. [\[Source\]](#); [\[Source\]](#); [\[Source\]](#);
- She is the principal author of HB No. 4911 or the People Empowerment Act of 2014, which aims to ensure participation of citizens in all avenues of local governance. The bill is still pending with the Committee since September 2, 2014. [\[Source\]](#); [\[Source\]](#); [\[Source\]](#)
- She was one of the authors of the Anti-Dynasty Bill or HB00837 in the 16th Congress. The proposed bill only reached the plenary and has not passed the second reading in the House of Congress. [\[Source\]](#)[\[Source\]](#)

B. Position on Issues, Advocacies, Platforms (Positive, 1 point)

- She believes that we are still covered by the investigation under the ICC. It is because the crimes were committed when we were still members of the ICC. The Philippines withdrew from the ICC in 2019, or three years after Duterte assumed the Palace seat. [\[Source\]](#)
- She favored the passing of the anti-dynasty law before changing the form of government from presidential to federal. [\[Source\]](#)
- She agrees on modernization of public transportation but government must work with the affected drivers to help look for their alternative sources of income [\[Source\]](#)
- She readily makes her SALNs available, with her office quickly responding to media's requests for access. She told President Duterte that if he is truly serious about ending corruption in government, then it must begin with him publicizing his net worth. [\[Source\]](#)
- She supports and is open to discussion on 100% foreign business ownership.
- She supports the continuation of the visiting forces agreement between the Philippines and the United States of America.
- Against abolition of PCGG
Presidential Candidates Interview with Jessica Soho [\[Source\]](#)

Platform:

- She has a **Comprehensive Green Agenda focusing on:** People-centered development adheres to economic and political decentralization, the right of people to organize, to control their own lives and to participate in the decisions that affect their lives; Providing quality, relevant and accessible education that integrates Sustainable Development and Laudato Si in the curriculum of the education system. [\[Source\]](#)
- **Kalayaan sa Covid Plan** focuses on the coronavirus and the health problems it has spawned, putting food on the table and improving the lives of Filipino children through education.
- **Hanapbuhay Para sa Lahat Jobs Plan** a road map for increasing employment and livelihood opportunities, which includes releasing the potential of industries and revitalizing important aspects of the economy.
- **Gobyernong tapat, Angat buhay sa lahat:** She said that agencies will be led by people of good character, competence and integrity to government positions.

- She also said that her administration will be guided by a moral compass and will work to win the trust of the people and make them feel they have someone to lean on in times of crises.
- Expedite Full Disclosure Bill for government transparency, where transactions and documents of public interest will be readily accessible to the public.
- She is committed to create a more transparent, ethical and trustworthy government that will spur the growth of the business sector. [\[Source\]](#) ; [\[Source\]](#)

C. Projects and Activities Organized/supported (Positive, 1 point)

- **Angat Buhay** aims to contribute to the fulfillment of the UN Sustainable Development Goals, focusing on six key advocacy areas: maternal and child healthcare, food security and nutrition, quality secondary education, rural development, women empowerment, and housing. [\[Source\]](#) ; [\[Source\]](#)

COVID-19 RESPONSE

- **Kalayaan sa COVID** (Freedom from COVID-19) plan - In a video statement released on 3 November 2020, Robredo detailed how she plans to address the pandemic, focusing on three key aspects - "freedom" from the fear of getting sick, freedom from hunger, and freedom from the lack of education. [\[Source\]](#)
- **Free dormitory** for frontline health care workers, which Leni and her Angat Buhay partners opened in Cubao, Quezon City on March 26, 2020, a week after the first lockdown. A free dormitory in Cebu City was also set up. [\[Source\]](#)
- **Bayanihan E-Eskwela** was launched by Leni on Oct. 5, 2020, providing instructional videos for teachers, parents and students to help them transition to distance learning. Leni said that with videos uploaded to the Bayanihan E-Eskwela YouTube channel, children need not stop their schooling while face-to-face classes are still not allowed.
- On March 29, 2021, a free mobile antigen testing program called "**Swab Cab**" was introduced in areas with rising Covid-19 cases to help local government units (LGUs) quell transmission, particularly in the Covid-19 hotspots of Metro Manila, Bulacan, Rizal, Laguna and Cavite.
- On April 7, 2021, the OVP implemented its **Bayanihan E-Konsulta**, a free medical teleconsultation referral service on Facebook and Messenger for outpatient cases in the National Capital Region and nearby provinces to help

decongest hospitals following the record spike in Covid-19 cases. Non-Covid patients can also avail of this free service.

- On June 21, 2021, VP Robredo launched the **Vaccine Express** for the rollout of vaccines to target sectors and communities.
- VP Robredo's other projects include hot meals for health workers and other frontliners; food packs for the rural and urban poor and public transportation drivers; P14 million worth of University of the Philippines coronavirus test kits distributed to testing laboratories; P20.43 million worth of gadgets for students attending online classes; no less than 42,000 Philippine-made personal protective equipment sets; and assistance to locally stranded individuals. [\[Source\]](#)
- New rules on cutting red tape for the Community Mortgage Program (CMP) were signed by Robredo. This will help communities and homeowners' associations to apply for CMP and to assist legally organized associations of underprivileged and homeless citizens to buy land under community ownership. [\[Source\]](#)
- Partnered with Go Negosyo's Mentor Me programs for the farmer entrepreneurs of Camarines Sur. [\[Source\]](#)

BASIS FOR RATING: The bills filed, although not all were passed, provide weight on good governance particularly - the Full Disclosure Bill, anti Political Dynasty Bill and People empowerment Act.

There are many positive statements from VP Robredo addressing good governance - investigation under the ICC, and transparency of the government to the public. She also presented her platform where the government will be led by people of good character, competence and integrity to government positions.

Finally, the Angat Buhay is her flagship program which provides a holistic approach to governing the nation under her present office. In addition, she also has various COVID response projects and MSME partnerships. All of these were rated positive.

VII. HUMAN RIGHTS

A. Legislation filed, pushed, or passed (Ambivalent, .5 point)

- She co-authored HB No. 3432, or the Anti-Discrimination Act of 2013 with Rep. Kaka Bag-ao, which refers to prohibiting discrimination on the basis of ethnicity, race, religion or belief, sex, gender, sexual orientation and identity, language, disability, HIV status, and other status. The bill did not pass into a law. [\[Source\]](#)
- She co-authored the Decriminalizing Premature or Republic Act RA10655, an act decriminalizing premature marriages which was enacted on March 13, 2015.
- She co-authored the Strengthening the Probation System or Republic Act RA10707, an act rationalizing and strengthening the probation system and amending the “Probation Law of 1976” which enacted on November 26, 2015 [\[Source\]](#)

B. Position on Issues, Advocacies, Platforms (Positive, 1 point)

- She opposed and questioned the approval of anti-terror law and continues to urge the public to continue voicing their opposition against it [\[Source\]](#)
- She highlighted the importance of being aware of your fundamental human rights as it is the best defense against the potential abuses of the law. [\[Source\]](#)
- She has always been vocal against the War on Drugs. In 2017 at the U.N. Commission on Drugs in Geneva, she challenged Duterte’s crackdown, describing the killings as “summary executions.” [\[Source\]](#)
- She is an advocate of the SOGIE equality bill. [\[Source\]](#)
- She would move to abolish PRRD's NTF-ELCAC should she win as president, fearing it would be abused like the bloody drug war. [\[Source\]](#)
- She is against lowering the MACR, saying that young offenders should be provided help instead of punishment [\[Source\]](#)
- She is against the revival of death penalty, insisting that the government should focus its efforts on strengthening the country’s justice system. [\[Source\]](#)
- She supports civil union of individuals of the same sex.
- She is against divorce.
- She supports the Philippines re-joining the International Criminal Court (ICC). [\[Source\]](#)

PLATFORM

- Implementation of RA 10911 or Anti-age Discrimination Act.
- Expedite the Comprehensive Anti-Discrimination Bill.
- Participation of women in economic development. [\[Source\]](#)

C. Projects and Activities Organized/supported (Positive, 1 point)

- Implements projects under the Gender and Development (GAD) program branch of the OVP in compliance with R.A. 9170 or the Magna Carta of Women. [\[Source\]](#)
- Angat Buhay Program includes women empowerment, housing and resettlement, and public education as its key advocacy areas, among others. Under the program are also four modes of engagement like Angat Buhay Women and Angat Buhay Youth. [\[Source\]](#)

BASIS FOR RATING: The bills filed is acknowledged as important to ensure protection of human rights just like the anti-discrimination bill, however there is lacking support to key current and urgent human rights issues.

On the other hand, her statements and positions on the current human rights issues were clear and positive. She is against the Anti-Terror Law, War on Drugs, and revival of Death Penalty, MACR which are important issues of the network and the country.

The projects and programs on human rights were also given a positive rating which focuses on women’s empowerment, youth, and other marginalized sectors.

WATCH OUT FOR:
None

ENVIRONMENT	3
CCAM-DRR	1.5
MINING	-0.5
SUS AG & FISHERIES	3
PEACE	0
GOOD GOVERNANCE	3
HUMAN RIGHTS	2.5
WATCH OUT FOR	1
TOTAL	13.5

	ENVI	CCAM	AMC	SUS AG	PEACE	GG	HR
Bills	POSITIVE	NO INFO	NO INFO	POSITIVE	NO INFO	POSITIVE	AMBIVALENT
Advocacies	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	AMBIVALENT	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE
Projects	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	NO INFO	POSITIVE	NO INFO	POSITIVE	POSITIVE

